PROCUREMENT EXECUTIVE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE

D.T.D. 505

(Superseding D.T.D. 5054)

Aerospace Material Specification BARS AND EXTRUDED SECTIONS

OF ALUMINIUM-ZINC-MAGNESIUM-COPPER-CHROMIUM ALLOY

(Solution treated and precipitation treated) (Zn 5.7, Mg 2.5, Cu 0.5, Cr 0.15)

NOTE. This specification is one of a series issued by the Procurement Executive, Ministry of Defence to meet a requirement not covered by an existing British Standard for aerospace material.

1. INSPECTION AND TESTING PROCEDURE

This specification shall be used in conjunction with the relevant sections of British Standard L.100 as follows:

Bars for machining and extruded sections

Sections 1 and 5

Bars for machining and extruded sections

Sections 1 and 6

for high stressed structures

2. QUALITY OF MATERIAL

The material shall be made from aluminium and alloying constituents, with or without approved scrap, at the discretion of the manufacturer.

3. CHEMICAL COMPOSITION

The chemical composition of the material shall be:

- ''			Per cent		
Elemo	ent	-	min	max	
Copper	- 0-		0.3	0.7	
Magnesium	45 1		2.2	3.2	
Silicon		****		0.5	
Iron			— um J	0.5	
Manganese				0.3	
*Nickel	*****		S -	0.1	
Zinc	******		5.2	6.2	
*Lead			_	0.05	
*Tin			10137 V	0.05	
Titanium plus Z	irconiu	m		0.2	
Chromium	*****		0.08	0.25	
Chromium plus	Manga	anese	0.18	0.50	
Aluminium	*****		The ren	nainder	

^{*}Subject to the discretion of the Inspecting Authority, determination of these elements need be made on a small proportion only of the samples analysed.

4. CONDITION

- 4.1 Bars and extruded sections. Unless otherwise agreed and stated on the order in accordance with British Standard L.100, Section 5, bars for machining and extruded sections shall be supplied solution treated, straightened and subsequently precipitation treated, but not controlled stretched.
- 4.2 Bars and extruded sections for highly stressed structures. Unless otherwise agreed and stated on the order in accordance with British Standard L.100, Section 6, bars for machining and extruded sections for highly stressed structures shall be supplied solution treated, controlled stretched and subsequently precipitation treated.

5. HEAT TREATMENT

The material shall be heat treated as follows:

- (1) Solution treat by heating at a temperature of 460±10°C and quencing in water or oil.

 NOTE. Material that has not to be subsequently stretched shall be quenched in water at a temperature of not less than 85°C or in oil.
- (2) Precipitation treat by heating at a temperature of 135±5°C for not less than 12 hours.

6. MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

6.1 Tensile test

6.1.1 Controlled-stretched material. Unless they are required by British Standard L.100 to be fixed by agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser, the mechanical properties obtained from test pieces selected and prepared in accordance with the relevant requirements of British Standard L.100 shall be not less than the following values:

Diameter or minor sectional dimension of the bar or extruded section		0.2%	Tensile	Elongation on gauge length of	
	zaduce section	proof stress	strength	50 mm	5.65√S
	mm	N/mm²	N/mm²	%	%
Over	Up to and including	450	400		2
10 100	100 150	480 450	490 540 510	6 6	6

NOTE. 1 N/mm² = 0.102 kgf/mm^2 = 0.1 hbar = 0.065 tonf/in^2 . Information on SI units is given in BS 350, 'Conversion factors and tables', and in PD 5686, 'The use of SI units'.

6.1.2 Non-controlled stretched material. The mechanical properties shall be agreed between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

6.2 Hardness test. Table showing value of X:

Value of X	
10 12·5	

* f_t = minimum value for the particular size of material as specified in 6.1.1, or agreed in accordance with 6.1.2.

Approved for issue,

E. W. RUSSELL,

Director/Materials.

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HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE
Price 5p net

Dd.500023 K11 8/71 WPL455

SBN 11 470676 X