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BRITISH STANDARDS INSTITUTION

BRITISH STANDARDS HOUSE, 2 PARK STREET, LONDON, W.1

(Superseding British Standard S.516)

2 S. 516,

February, 1969

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BRITISH STANDARD: AEROSPACE SPECIFICATION FOR SERIES

CARBON-MANGANESE STEEL SHEET (93/116 hbar) AND STRIP

NOTE. Sheet and strip of the same composition at a higher strength level are covered by British Standard 2 S.517.

1. INSPECTION AND TESTING PROCEDURE

2 S.500, as follows: 1.1 This British Standard shall be used in conjunction with the relevant sections of British Standard

hardened and tempered condition Sheet and strip delivered in the softened condition for use in the Sections 1 and 3

Sheet delivered in the hardened and tempered condition Sections 1 and 4

Finally heat treated parts Strip delivered in the hardened and tempered condition Sections 1 and 5

Sections 1 and 8

Table 2 for material which has been finally cold rolled prior to softening or hardening and tempering 1.2 The thickness of the material shall be in accordance with British Standard 2 S.500, Table 1, for material has been finally hot rolled prior to softening or hardening and tempering, or in accordance with

1.3 Sulphur printing or deep etching tests. Samples shall be selected in accordance with British Standard

2. PROCESS OF MANUFACTURE

between the manufacturer and the purchaser in accordance with British Standard 2 S.500, 1.3.1 The material shall be manufactured by an oxygen, open hearth or electric process, unless otherwise agreed

3. CHEMICAL COMPOSITION

The steel shall contain:

Sulphur	Phosphorus	Manganese	Silicon	Carbon	Element .	
<u> </u>	•	1:3	0.10	0.42	min.	Pe
.0-040	0.040	1.7	0.35	0.50	max.	Per c∪nt

4. SURFACE DRESSING

The material shall be locally dressed in accordance with the requirements of British Standard 2 S. 500,



2.S.516, February, 1969

5. CONDITION

- 5.1 The material shall be supplied in one of the following conditions after final hot or cold rolling
- (1) Softened
- (2) Hardened and tempered
- 5.2 The condition required shall be stated on the order. Unless otherwise agreed the method of rolling shall be at the option of the manufacturer but shall be stated in the release note.
- 5.3 Finished parts shall be supplied finally heat treated.

6. FINAL HEAT TREATMENT

The final heat treatment shall be:

- (1) Harden in oil or water from a temperature between 840 °C and 860 °C
- (2) Temper at a temperature of not less than 500 °C.

7. MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

7.1 Tests in the softened condition

- (1) Hardness. The hardness of the material shall be not more than 197 HB or 210 HV.
- former with a radius equal to the nominal thickness of the sheet or strip. bend test. The test piece shall be bent without cracking through an angle of 180° over a

7.2 Tests in the hardened and tempered condition

values in hectobars are to be regarded as the standard: dance with the relevant requirements of British Standard 2 S.500 shall comply with the following Table. The Tensile test. The mechanical properties obtained from test pieces selected and prepared in accor-

77	min.	hbar t	0.2 % proof stress		
50	mín.	tonf/in²	% itress		
93	min,	hbar	Tensile		
116	max.	ar			
60	min.	tonf/in²	Tensile strength		
75	max.	/in²			
6	min.	%	Less than 1:6 mm	Elongs	
7	min.	%	1.6 to 2.4 mm	Elongation on thickness	
20	min.		Over 2·4 mm	iness	

NOTE. Conversion factors: 1 hbar = 10^7 N/m² = 0.6475 tonf/in² = 1.02 kBS 350; 'Conversion factors and tables', and PD 5686, 'The use of SI units' 1.02 kgf/mm². Information on SI units is given in

(2) Hardness test for finally heat treated parts. The hardness of the material shall be 277 min./341 max. HB. or

280 min./355 max. HV.

authority of the Executive Board of the Institution on 24 February, 1969, This British Standard, having been approved by the Aerospace Industry Standards Committee, was published under the

necessary provisions of a contract. The Institution desires to call attention to the fact that this British Standard does not purport to include all the

important that users of British Standards are revised, when necessary, by the issue either of amendment slips or of revised editions. It is British Standards should ascertain that they in possession of the latest amendments or

The following references relate to the work on this standard: Committee reference ACE/15 Draft for comment 67/13801